

Perverse sheaves with nilpotent
singular support for curves and quivers

Italian Representation Theory Seminar

11 june 2021

Lucien Hennecart

$Q = (I, \mathcal{S})$ quiver

$\text{Rep}_Q(\mathbb{C})$ - category of reps
of Q over \mathbb{C}

$M_Q = \bigsqcup_{d \in \mathbb{N}^I} M_{Q,d}$ stack of
objects

$T\!T_Q$ = preprojective algebra of Q

$\text{Rep}_{T\!T_Q}(\mathbb{C})$ - category of reps
of $T\!T_Q$ over \mathbb{C}

$M_{T\!T_Q} \approx T^*M_Q$ stack of objects

X smooth projective curve / \mathbb{C} .

$\text{Coh}(X)$ - category of coherent
sheaves on X

$\text{Coh}(X)$ stack of objects

$\text{Higgs}(X) =$ category of Higgs
sheaves on X

$\text{Higgs}(X) \simeq T^*\text{Coh}(X)$ stack of
Higgs sheaves

$$\mathcal{Q} \subset \mathcal{D}_c^b(M_Q)$$

= a certain category of
constructible complexes on M_Q

"Lusztig complexes"

$\Lambda \subset T^*M_Q$ - a certain closed,
conical, Lagrangian substack

"Lusztig nilpotent stack"

$$CC : K_0(\mathcal{Q}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\text{Irr } \Lambda]$$

The characteristic cycle map.

$$\mathcal{Q} \subset \mathcal{D}_c^b(\text{Coh}(X))$$

"spherical Eisenstein complexes"

$\Lambda \subset \text{Higgs}(X)$ the global
nilpotent cone

$$CC : K_0(\mathcal{Q}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\text{Irr } \Lambda]$$

Questions :

① What are the properties of \mathcal{C} ?

② If $D_c^b(\mathcal{M}, \Lambda) \cap D_c^b(\mathcal{N})$ [$\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{A}_Q$ or $Coh(X)$]

category of complexes with singular support $\subset \Lambda$,
can we compare $K_0(Q)$ & $K_0(D_c^b(\mathcal{M}, \Lambda))$?

C
always

In both cases,

$K_0(\mathcal{A})$ is endowed with a multiplication and a comultiplication : induction & restriction of complexes.

→ bialgebra

$\mathbb{Z}[\text{Irr}^\wedge]$ also has a multiplication and comultiplication coming from the cohomological Hall algebra.

General properties of CC

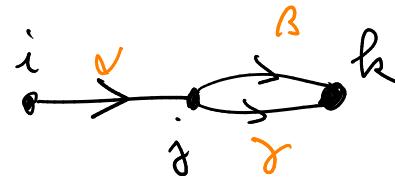
Vasserot

- CC is an algebra map (not written yet to my knowledge)
 - CC is surjective (Sala-Schiffmann)
 - CC is injective for quivers & curves of genus $0 \leq g \leq 1$
[conjecturally for all curves]. (genus 1: H)
 - CC is a bialgebra map for quivers. (Davison)
[conjecturally, also for curves].
- For quivers, $K_0(\mathcal{Q}) \simeq \mathbb{Z}[\text{Tor} \Lambda] \simeq U_{\mathbb{Z}}(\pi_+)$
divided power \mathbb{Z} -form of unipotent enveloping algebra.

Quivers

$$Q = (I, \mathcal{E})$$

vertices
arrows



$$d \in \mathbb{N}^I : M_{Q,d} = E_d / G_d \quad \text{stacke quotient.}$$

$$E_d = \bigoplus_{\alpha: i \rightarrow j \in \mathcal{E}} \text{Hom}(\mathbb{C}^{di}, \mathbb{C}^{dj})$$

$$G_d = \prod_{i \in I} GL^{di}$$

Perverse sheaves on $M_{\mathbb{Q}, d}$

$d \in \mathbb{N}^I$; $\underline{d} = (d_1, d_2, \dots, d_s) \in (\mathbb{N}^I)^s$ s.t. $\sum d_i = d$.

$V = \mathbb{C}^d$ \mathbb{N}^I -graded vector space of dimension d .

$\tilde{\mathcal{F}}_{\underline{d}}$ = stack of pairs (F_\bullet, x)

smooth stack

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 0 = F_0 \subset \dots \subset F_s = F \\ \dim F_i / F_{i-1} = d_i \\ x F_i \subset F_i \end{array} \right\}$$

$\pi_{\underline{d}} : \tilde{\mathcal{F}}_{\underline{d}} \longrightarrow M_{\mathbb{Q}, d}$ projective
 $(F_\bullet, x) \longmapsto x$

$\Rightarrow (\pi_{\underline{d}})_* \mathbb{C}$ is a semisimple complex on $M_{\mathbb{Q}, d}$.

i.e. $(\pi_{\underline{d}})_* \underline{\mathbb{C}} = \bigoplus_{d \in \mathbb{Z}} F[d]$ for semisimple perverse sheaves F on $M_{Q,d}$.

$${}^v D^b_c(M_{Q,d})$$

\mathcal{Q}_d = full triangulated category of semisimples complexes on $M_{Q,d}$ generated by the simple constituents of $(\pi_{\underline{d}})_* \underline{\mathbb{C}}$.
 for various \underline{d} .

\mathcal{P}_d subcategory of perverse sheaves

Description of P_d for finite type and affine quivers

\mathcal{Q} finite type quiver

$d \in \mathbb{N}^I$. E_d/G_d (set-theoretic quotient) is finite :

$$E_d = \bigsqcup_{\substack{G \subset E_d \\ G_d\text{-orbit}}} G$$

Each orbit is equivariantly simply connected :

no nontrivial G_d -equivariant local systems on G

$\uparrow 1:1$
group of connected components
of $\text{Aut}(x)$ for $x \in G$.

\Rightarrow The only simple equivariant perverse sheaves on $M_{\mathbb{Q}, d}$ are the $IC(G)$ for $G \subset E_d$ orbit.

* For $G \subset E_d$, can find $\underline{d} \in (\mathbb{X}^I)^S$ s.t.

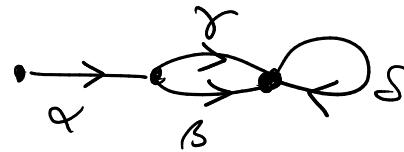
$\tau_{\underline{d}}$ is a resolution of $\overline{G}/G_{\underline{d}}$.

$$\Rightarrow IC(G/G_{\underline{d}}) \stackrel{\oplus}{\subset} (\tau_{\underline{d}})_* \subseteq [\dim G/G_{\underline{d}}].$$

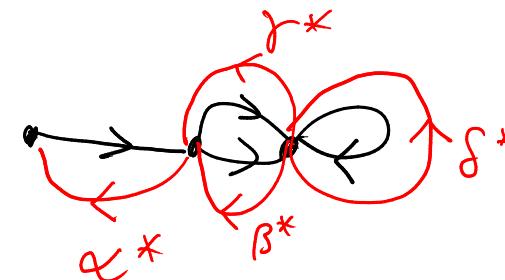
so $P_{\underline{d}} = \langle IC(G/G_{\underline{d}}), G \subset E_d \text{ a } G_{\underline{d}}\text{-orbit} \rangle$

The nilpotent stack

$Q = (I, \Sigma)$ quiver



$\bar{Q} = (I, \Sigma \sqcup \Sigma^*)$ doubled quiver



$$\mathbb{T}_Q = \frac{\mathbb{C}Q}{\sum_{\alpha \in \Sigma} [\alpha, \alpha^*]}$$

preprojective algebra

$$d \in \mathbb{N}^I$$

$M_{Q,d}$ = stack of d -dim reps of \mathbb{T}_Q

$\supset \Lambda_d$ stack of d -dim nilpotent reps of \mathbb{T}_Q .
 the action of a sufficiently long path in \bar{Q} is trivial.

The nilpotent stack of finite type quivers

$Q = (I, \mathcal{S})$ finite type quiver

$$\Lambda_d = \bigcup_{\substack{G \subset E_d \\ G_d\text{-orbit}}} T_G^* E_d /_{G_d} \subset \mathcal{M}_{\pi_Q, d}.$$

= equality

$$\text{Irr}(\Lambda_d) = \left\{ \overline{T_G^* E_d /_{G_d}} : G \text{ } G_d\text{-orbit} \right\}$$

$\mathcal{M}_{\pi_Q, d}$ can be constructed by stacky symplectic reduction

$$\mu_d : T^* E_d \longrightarrow (\mathfrak{o}_{\mathfrak{g}_d})^* \xrightarrow{\text{trace}} \mathfrak{o}_{\mathfrak{g}_d}$$

$$(x_\alpha, x_\alpha^*) \longmapsto \sum_{\alpha \in \mathcal{S}} [x_\alpha, x_{\alpha^*}]$$

$$M_{T_{\alpha,d}} = \mu_d^{-1}(0) / G_d$$

$$\text{general fact} = \bigcup_{G \text{ Gd-orbit}} T_G^* E_d / \underline{G_d}$$

Characteristic cycle and singular support of constructible complexes

Many possible definitions (Kashiwara-Schapira,...)

Axiomatic definition

The characteristic cycle map

X smooth \mathbb{C} -variety

$D_c^b(X)$ category of constructible complexes on X

$\mathbb{Z}[\text{Lagr}^{\mathbb{C}^*}(T^*\mathbb{C})]$ - functions $\text{Lagr}^{\mathbb{C}^*}(T^*X) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
with finite support.

//
closed, conical, Lagrangian
subvarieties of T^*X

$$\text{CC} : K_0(D_c^b(X)) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\text{Lagr}^{\mathbb{C}^*}(T^*X)]$$

- morphism of abelian groups
- functoriality w.r.t. smooth pull-backs and proper push-forwards.
- normalization : $\text{CC}(\mathcal{L}) = [T^*X]$
 \mathcal{L} local system on X .

Singular support (of a perverse sheaf)

$$\mathcal{F} \in \text{Perv}(X).$$

$$\text{ss}(\mathcal{F}) = \text{supp}(\text{CC}(\mathcal{F})) \subset T^*X$$

Closed, conical, Lagrangian subvariety.

$\phi : T^*X \rightarrow X$ cotangent bundle.

$\mathcal{F} \in \text{Perf}(X)$

Useful properties $\therefore \phi(\text{ss}(\mathcal{F})) = \text{supp } \mathcal{F} \subset X$

• $\text{ss}(\mathcal{F}) = T_X^*X \Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = \mathcal{L}[\dim X]$
 \mathcal{L} local system on X .

• functoriality smooth pull-back
proper pushforward.

Theorem (Luszting) If Q is a finite type quiver,
 $K_0(Q) = K_0(D_c^b(\mathcal{M}_{Q,d}; \Lambda_d))$

Proof: \mathcal{F} simple G_d -equiv. perverse sheaf on E_d , $SS(\mathcal{F}) \subset \Lambda_d$
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = IC(G)$ for some G_d -orbit $G \subset E_d$.

But $SS(\mathcal{F}) \subset \Lambda_d \Rightarrow \exists G \subset E_d, \text{ supp } \mathcal{F} = \overline{G}$

\Rightarrow $\mathcal{F}|_G$ is a G_d -equiv loc sys

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} = IC(G).$ ■

Theorem (H)

If Q is an affine quiver

$$K_0(\mathcal{S}) = K_0\left(\mathcal{D}_c^b(M_{Q,d}; \Lambda_d)\right)$$

Ingredients :: explicit description of P_d } using the rep.

• explicit description of Λ_d } theory of affine

quivers

• cyclic quivers to describe an (analytic) neighbourhood of **non-homogeneous tubes** in $M_{Q,d}$.

• consider a bigger category of perverse sheaves for cyclic quivers and a bigger nilpotent stack

Repr theory of affine quivers

Q affine ADE quiver.

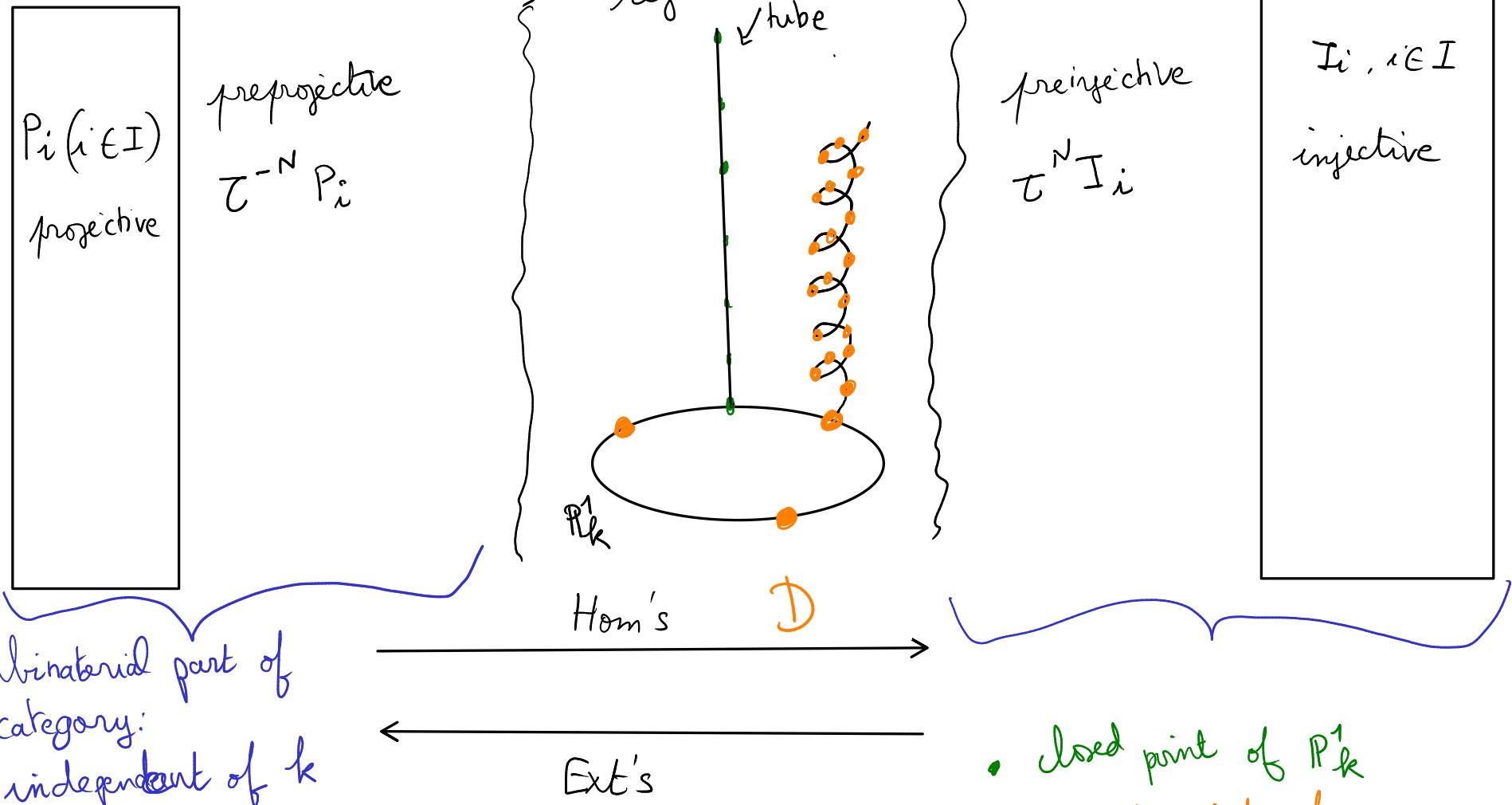
Auslander-Reiten quiver of Q

A



D, E --

k arbitrary field-



- closed point of P_k^1
- special point of degree 1.

regular part

$$S \in \mathbb{N}^I$$

indivisible imaginary root of \mathbb{Q} .

$$R \geq 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M_{\mathbb{Q}, rs} & \supset & M'_{\mathbb{Q}, rs} & \cong & (\mathrm{GL}_r / \mathrm{GL}_r)^\circ \\ f \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ S^r \mathbb{P}^1 & \supset S^r(\mathbb{P}^1 \setminus D) & \cong & S^r(\mathbb{A}^1 \setminus D') & \hookrightarrow S^r \mathbb{A}^1 \\ \text{(assume } |D| \geq 1\text{)} & & & & \end{array}$$

But this is not sufficient: if $d \in \mathbb{D}$,

need to describe a neighbourhood of

$f^{-1}((d, \rightarrow d))$ inside $M_{\mathcal{Q}, rs}$.

→ use cyclic quivers

Curves :

Theorem (H) $\text{CC} : K_0(\mathcal{L}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\text{Irr } \Lambda]$ is
 injective for curves of genus $0 \leq g \leq 1$.

$g=0$: analogous to finite type quivers.

the stack $\text{Bun}_{(r,d)}$ locally finitely many \mathbb{C} -points

$$X = \mathbb{P}^1$$

$$\mathcal{P}_{(r,d)} = \left\langle \text{IC}\left(\mathcal{F}/\text{Aut}(\mathcal{F})\right) : \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F} \text{ rk } r \\ \text{degree } d \\ \text{vector bundle on } \mathbb{P}^1 \end{array} \right\rangle$$

$$\Lambda_{r,d} = \bigcup_{\substack{[\mathcal{F}]=(r,d) \\ \text{vector bundle}}} T^*_{\mathcal{F}/\text{Aut}(\mathcal{F})} \text{Coh}_{(r,d)}(X)$$

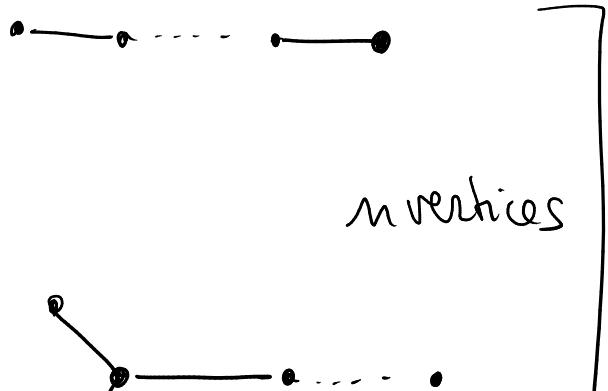
$g = 1$: • Prove the result for torsion sheaves
 X is an
elliptic curve
 $(\rightsquigarrow$ Springer theory for gld , $d \geq 0$)

- Harder-Narasimhan stratification
- $\text{Coh}_x^{\text{ss}}(X) \cong \text{Coh}_{(0, \text{gcd}(x))}(\mathcal{H}_x)$
- glue everything using functoriality of CC.

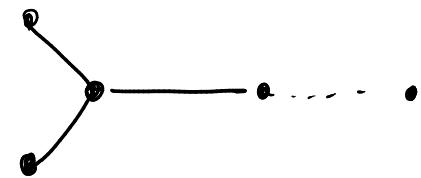
$g \geq 2$: seems difficult!

Finite type quivers

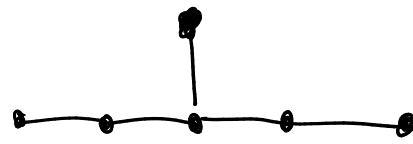
A_n



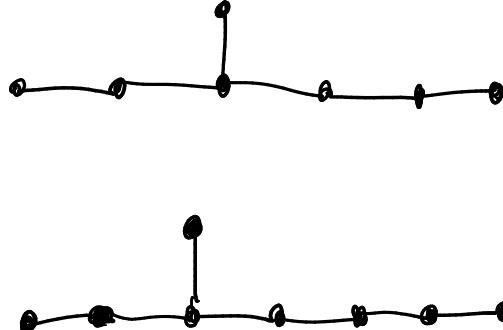
D_n



E_6



E_7

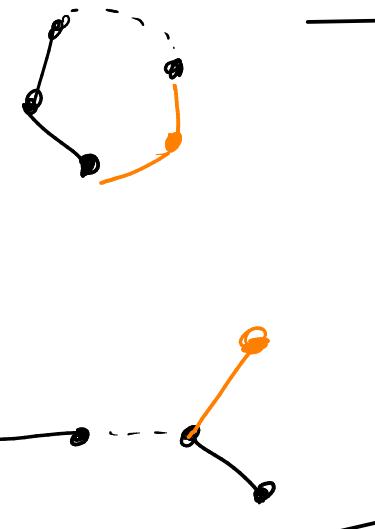


E_8

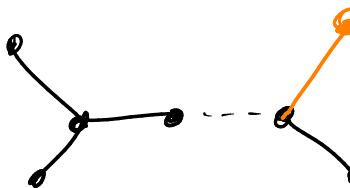


Affine quivers

\tilde{A}_n



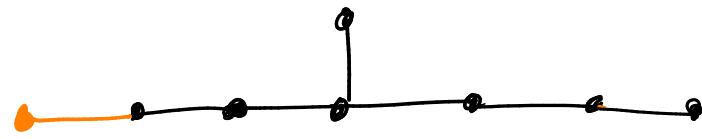
\tilde{D}_n



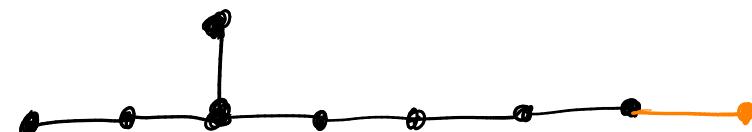
\tilde{E}_6



\tilde{E}_7



\tilde{E}_8



Thank you for your
attention