

GLOBAL DT SHEETS AND LENS SPACES

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Motivation:

DT invariants first defined for ^{moduli} of coherent sheaves on CY3-folds
 Can virtual fundamental class $[X]_{vir}$ X - moduli space

$$DT = \int [X]_{vir}$$

Behrend

$$DT = \chi_{wt}(\mathcal{J}_X) \quad \mathcal{J}_X - \text{constructible function}$$

$$X = \text{crit } f \quad f: U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

\uparrow
smooth

$$\mathcal{J}_X(P) = (-1)^{\dim U} \chi(\underbrace{\phi_f^* \mathcal{O}(\dim U)}_{\text{DT invariant}})(P)$$

DT invariant

Interested in

$$\text{Loc}_G(M) \quad \text{for } M \text{ a 3-manifold}$$

The moduli spaces carry a -1 shifted symplectic structure
 derived at
 version

Darboux theorem \Rightarrow can express the classical truncation locally as a critical locus

Thm X is a $(d-1)$ -shifted symplectic derived scheme, then $\text{Tot}(X)$ has the structure of a d -critical locus

Def (X, S) X a scheme is a d -critical locus if for all points $p \in X$, there is a critical chart $C = (R, U, f, i)$

$p \in R$ - Zariski open

$$f: U \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^1$$

smooth \downarrow (closed embedding)

$$i: R \hookrightarrow U \quad i(R) = \text{crit } f$$

$S \in S^d(X) \leftarrow$ moduli define

$$S|_R = f + I^2 \quad I \text{ ideal defining } \text{crit}$$

" S remembers intrinsic information about f "

Example:

$$U = \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[t^{\pm 1}, x] = \mathbb{A}^1 \times \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$f = x^2 \quad g = tx^n \quad n \geq 2$$

... ..

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{crit } t & \text{---} & \text{---} \\ \parallel & & \parallel \\ \text{Spec } \frac{k[t^{\pm 1}, x]}{(x^{n-1})} & & \text{Spec } \frac{k[t^{\pm 1}, x]}{(x^n, tx^{n-1})} \end{array}$$

$n=2$
 $\phi_f \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O}[1]$ $\phi_g \mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O}[1]$ L non-trivial local system

$n \geq 3$
 $s = f + I^2 = g + I^2$
 $\underline{x}^n + (x^{2n-2}) = \underline{tx}^n + (x^{2n-2})$

Example

U smooth
 $U \xrightarrow{0} k$ $S_u^0 = 0$
 $U = \text{crit } 0$
 $(U, 0)$

Canonical bundle and orientations

Thm (X, s) d-critical to cu

Then \exists a line bundle K_X on $X|_{\text{red}}$
 s.t. for any chart $C=(R, u, t, i)$
 we have $K_X|_R \cong i^* \mathcal{O}_u^{\otimes 2}$

X -ish
 $K_{\frac{k[x]}{f(x)}} \cong \dots$

An orientation is a line bundle $K_X^{1/2}$ and
 n charts at i ... $(\dots)^{\otimes 2}$

a choice of isomorphism $\psi: (K_X) \rightarrow K_X$

Example:

U be smooth

$$(U, \circ)$$

$$K_U \cong W_U^{\otimes 2}$$

There always exists an orientation
since we can take $K_U^{\vee 2} = W_U$

U is the classical truncation of the derived crit loc
and $W_U^{\otimes 2}$ comes from this.

Perverse sheaf

let us denote by $PV_{U,f}$ the sheaf of vanishing
cycles on $X = \text{crit } f$

In general this is not the same as $\phi_f^* \mathbb{Q}$.

Need to compare on overlaps

This is done by using embeddings of

critical charts $C_1 \xrightarrow{\phi} C_2$
 $R_1 U_1 f_1 i_1$ $R_2 U_2 f_2 i_2$

Can be shown that

$$D_1 \hat{\sim} \hat{\sim}^* \hat{\sim} \hat{\sim}$$

$$\Gamma V_{u_1, f_1} \cong \varphi \Gamma V_{u_2, f_2} \otimes K_{\varphi}$$

P_{φ} is a principal $\mathbb{R}/2\pi\mathbb{Z}$ bundle

means tensoring by associated rank 1 local system.

$$\pi_1(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}/2\pi\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^{\times} \quad \text{gives a local system}$$

(X, S) oriented $\varphi: (K_X^{1/2})^{\otimes 2} \rightarrow K_X$
 Q_C orientation $\mathbb{R}/2\pi\mathbb{Z}$ bundle for each chart $C = (U, \rho, f, i)$

Local sections are local isomorphisms

$$\alpha: K_X^{1/2}|_U \rightarrow i^* W_U \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \alpha^{\otimes 2} = \varphi$$

Then (X, S) α -critical to W_U

then \exists a perverse sheaf P s.t.

for any chart C

$$P|_C \cong i^* P V_{U, f} \otimes Q_C$$

Extension to stacks

-1 shifted symplectic \rightsquigarrow d-critical stack t_*
 derived Artin stack X

$$\det \mathbb{L}_X \rightsquigarrow K_{t_0(X)} \cong \det(\mathbb{L}_X)|_{t_0(X)}$$

Pernice sheaf

\exists a pernice sheaf on X (X, S) a critical stack
 s.t. $P_X(T \rightarrow X) = P_T$ $T \xrightarrow{\text{smooth}} X$ oriented

Stack of local systems on a 3-manifold.

G -reductive alg. g P .

Moduli of local systems on M $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{moduli of homomorphisms } \pi_1(M) \rightarrow G \end{array} \right\} \text{Loc}_G(M)$

Derived stack:

$$R\text{Loc}_G(M) = \text{Map}(M_B, BG)$$

M_B - Betti stack, which is the constant stack
 sending R to singular simplicial set cdga

PTVV: Shifted symplectic structures for mapping stacks

X, Y are derived stacks

- ① Y is n -shifted symplectic
- ② X d -compact
- ③ X has an orientation with parameter d

$\text{Map}(X, Y)$ has a $n-d$ shifted symplectic str

For manifolds M

\mathcal{I} -compactness $\Leftrightarrow M$ is compact

Orientability $d \Leftrightarrow M$ being orientable
 $d = \dim M$

$B\mathbb{G}$ has only 2-shifted symplectic structures, which correspond to $\text{Sym}^2 \mathfrak{g}^*$

$\text{Rloc}(M) = \text{Map}(M, B\mathbb{G})$ is $2 - \dim M$ shifted symplectic

If $\dim M = 3$

Lens spaces $G = \text{GL}_n$

$L(m, n) = S^3 / \mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}$ m, n coprime

M Action generated by

$$(z_1, z_2) \mapsto (z_1 \cdot e^{\frac{2\pi i}{m}}, z_2 \cdot e^{\frac{2\pi i n}{m}})$$

Independent of n

$$\pi_1(L(m)) = \mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{H}$$

$$K = \mathbb{C}$$

$$\text{Group algebra of } \mathbb{H} \text{ is } K\mathbb{H} = \frac{K[t]}{(t^m - 1)} = \frac{K[t]}{(t-1)} \times \dots \times \frac{K[t]}{(t - \zeta^n)}$$

ζ m th root of unity

$$K\mathbb{H} = K^m$$

To give a representation means giving

$$V = \bigoplus_{i=1}^m V_i$$

Fix a dimension x

$$\text{Loc}_{G/U}^n(M) = \bigsqcup_{\substack{V_1 + \dots + V_m \\ = x}} B\left(\prod_{i=1}^m GL_{V_i}\right)$$

D critical structure for quotient stacks

$$X = [U/G]$$

$(X, S) \iff G$ equivariant
d-critical locus structure on U

$K_X \iff G$ -equiv. line bundle L
and an iso
 $L \rightarrow K_U \otimes (\det |L_U/X|)^{-\otimes 2}$

$K_X^{1/2} \rightsquigarrow G$ -equiv. line bundle L'
with an iso morphism
 $\varphi: L'^{\otimes 2} \rightarrow K_U \otimes (\det |L_U/X|)^{-\otimes 2}$

For $BG = [pt/G]$

$$u = pt \xrightarrow{0} \emptyset$$

$$K_U = \omega_U^{\otimes 2} \cong K$$

Orientation

1 dim 1. n. n 1

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi: L^{\otimes 2} &\rightarrow W_u \otimes (\det(L_{pt}/B_G))^{-\otimes 2} \\ &\parallel \\ &K \otimes (\det \rho^*)^{-\otimes 2} \\ &\parallel \\ &K \otimes (\det \rho)^{\otimes 2} \end{aligned}$$

For reductive groups $\det \rho$ is the trivial rep.

$$\text{So } \varphi: L^{\otimes 2} \rightarrow K$$

For $L = K$

$\varphi \Leftrightarrow$ a choice of $s \in K \setminus 0$

$$P_{B_G} \Leftrightarrow \varphi_0 \mathbb{Q}_{pt} \otimes \mathbb{Q}_C$$

Find global square root, so \mathbb{Q}_C is trivial

$$P_{B_G} \rightarrow \varphi_0 \mathbb{Q}_{pt} = \mathbb{Q}$$

So for Loc_G^M we also get

$$P \cong \mathbb{Q}$$

$$T^3 \subset GL_1 \quad \pi_1(T^3) = \mathbb{Z}^3$$

$$\text{Loc}_{T^3}(GL_1) = \left[\frac{\mathbb{F}^3}{\mathbb{F}^x} \right]$$

Orientations correspond to factors of $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}^3}$

orientation $\psi = 1 \rightsquigarrow$ get constant sheet

Take cohomology \rightsquigarrow

$\psi = \frac{1}{xyz} \rightsquigarrow$ get a non-trivial local system

\hookrightarrow

H^0

H^1

$$M = \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$R\text{Loc}_0(\mathbb{R}^3) = R\text{Loc}_0(\mathbb{R}^3) = B\mathbb{G}$$

$B\mathbb{G}$ cannot have -1 shifted symplectic structure